

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES AND SPORTS BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

(PHARMACY TECHNOLOGY)

LEARNING MODULE OUTLINE

Academic Year	2024/2025	Semester	1
Module Code	BSPY2101		
Learning Module	Pharmacology I		
Pre-requisite(s)	Nil		
Medium of Instruction	Chinese / English		
Credits	6	Contact Hours	90
Instructor	Dr. Tao Yi, Aaron	Email	yitao@mpu.edu.mo
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MODULE DESCRIPTION

This 90-hour course is the first in a series of courses that equip students with pharmacological knowledge. The course systemically introduces mechanisms of action, pharmacological effects, clinical indications, drug interactions and adverse effects of various drug classes.

MODULE INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOMES (ILOS)

On completion of this learning module, students will be able to:

M1.	Demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of pharmacology.
M2.	Analyse and interpret the relationship among mechanisms of action, therapeutic effects and adverse effects of different drugs.
M3.	Describe the classification, clinical indications, mechanism of actions, and significant adverse effects of commonly used drugs.
M4.	Apply pharmacology knowledge to analyse and interpret clinical cases.
M5.	Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between disease characteristics and pharmacological effects.
M6.	Communicate scientific concepts effectively through oral presentations, demonstrating comprehension of pharmacology principles.



These ILOs aims to enable students to attain the following Programme Intended Learning Outcomes (PILOs):

PILC	PILOs		M2	М3	M4	M5	М6
P1.	To demonstrate understanding of a range of subjects, fields, principles and approaches relevant to pharmacy technology	√	√	✓	√	√	✓
P2.	To demonstrate understanding of theories, analytical approaches and practices that underpin pharmacy operations and management	✓	✓	√	√	√	√
P3.	To demonstrate understanding of major trends and issues related to pharmacy technology	√			√	√	✓
P4.	To apply professional knowledge and skills to analyse, interpret and solve problems, challenges and risks in pharmacy practice	✓	✓	✓	√	√	
P5.	To critically appraise and interpret scientific and clinical literature and apply evidence-based practice	✓	✓		✓	√	√
P6.	To acquire and apply research skills in pharmacy technology		✓		✓		✓
P7.	To demonstrate effective communication and teamwork skills						✓
P8.	To maintain professional and ethical standards in pharmacy practice and research	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	√

MODULE SCHEDULE, COVERAGE AND STUDY LOAD

Week	Content Coverage	Contact Hours
	Chapter 0. Introduction to pharmacology (3 hours)	
	 General principles 	
	2. Pharmacodynamics	
	3. Pharmacokinetics	
	4. The roles of Pharmacology	
2 /0 25	5. Sources of drugs	
2 (8.25- 8.30)	6. How to learn Pharmacology	6
	Chapter 1. Pharmacokinetics (6 hours)	
	1.1 Overview	
	1.2 Routes of drug administration	
	1.3 Absorption of drugs	
	1.4 Drug Distribution	
	1.5 Drug clearance through metabolism	
	1.6 Drug clearance by the kidney	
	1.7 Excretion by other routes	
	1.8 Design and optimization of dosage regimen	
3 (9.2-	Chapter 2. Drug-receptor interactions and pharmacodynamics (3 hours)	6
9.6)	2.1 Overview	· ·
	2.2 Signal transduction	
	2.3 Dose-response relationships	
	2.4 Intrinsic activity	
	2.5 Quantal dose-response relationships	

	Charles 2. The automorphism and a state (2 to 12)	
	Chapter 3. The autonomic nervous system (2 hours)	
	3.1 Overview	
	3.2 Introduction to the nervous system	
	3.3 Chemical signaling between cells	
	3.4 Signal transduction in the effector cell	
	Chapter 4. Cholinergic agonists (4 hours)	
4 (9.9-	4.1 Overview	
9.13)	4.2 The cholinergic neuron	6
	4.3 Cholinergic receptors (cholinoceptors)	
	4.4 Direct-acting cholinergic agonists	
	4.5 Indirect-acting cholinergic agonists: anticholinesterase agents	
	(reversible)	
	4.6 Indirect-acting cholinergic agonists: anticholinesterase agents	
	(irreversible)	
	4.7 Toxicology of anticholinesterase agents	
	Chapter 5. Cholinergic antagonists (3 hours)	
	5.1 Overview	
	5.2 Antimuscarinic agents	
	5.3 Ganglionic blockers	
	5.4 Neuromuscular-blocking agents	
	3.4 Neuromascalar-blocking agents	
5 (9.16-	Chapter 6. Adrenergic agonists (3 hours)	6
9.20)	6.1 Overview	0
	S .	
	5 5	
	6.4 Direct-acting adrenergic agonists6.5 Indirect-acting adrenergic agonists	
	5 5 5	
	Chapter 7. Adrenergic antagonists (3 hours)	
	7.1 Overview	
	7.2 α-adrenergic blocking agents	
	7.3 β-adrenergic blocking agents	
	7.4 Drugs affecting neurotransmitter release or uptake	
	Active learning and presentation 1: Hypertension (1 hours)	
6 (9.23-		_
9.27)	Chapter 8. Antihypertensives (5 hours)	6
,	8.1 Overview	
	8.2 Etiology of hypertension	
	8.3 Mechanisms for controlling blood pressure	
	8.4 Treatment strategies	
	8.5 Diuretics	
	8.6 β-adrenoceptor-blocking agents	
	8.7 ACE inhibitors	
	8.8 Angiotensin ii receptor blockers	
	8.9 Renin inhibitor	
7 (10.3-	8.10 Calcium channel blockers	
10.4)	8.11 α -adrenoceptor-blocking agents	3
10.4)	8.12 α -/ β -adrenoceptor-blocking agents	
	8.13 Centrally acting adrenergic drugs	

	0.14 Massadilatous	
	8.14 Vasodilators	
	8.15 Hypertensive emergency 8.16 Resistant hypertension	
	8.10 Resistant hypertension	
	Test I (2 hours)	
	10001 (2 1100110)	
	Chapter 9. Diuretics (2 hours)	
	9.1 Overview	
	9.2 Normal regulation of fluid and electrolytes by the kidneys	
	9.3 Thiazides	
	9.4 Loop diuretics	
8 (10.7-	9.5 Potassium-sparing diuretics	6
10.11)	9.6 Carbonic anhydrase inhibitor	
	9.7 Osmotic diuretics	
	Active learning and presentation 2: Heart failure (1 hours)	
	Chapter 10. Drugs for heart failure (3 hours)	
	10.1 Overview	
	10.2 Pathophysiology of heart failure10.3 Inhibitors of the renin–angiotensin–aldosterone system	
	10.4 Angiotensin receptor-neprilysin inhibitor	
	10.5 β-blockers	
	10.6 Diuretics	
	10.7 Hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel	
	blocker	
	10.8 Vasodilators	
	10.9 Sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitors	
	10.10 Soluble guanylate cyclase stimulators	
	10.11 Inotropic drugs	
9	10.12 Order of therapy	_
(10.14-	Astive Leaving and appropriation 2. Apply therein (4. become)	6
10.18)	Active learning and presentation 3: Arrhythmias (1 hours)	
	Chapter 11. Antiarrhythmics (3 hours)	
	11.1 Overview	
	11.2 Introduction to the arrhythmias	
	11.3 Class I antiarrhythmic drugs	
	11.4 Class II antiarrhythmic drugs	
	11.5 Class III antiarrhythmic drugs	
	11.6 Class IV antiarrhythmic drugs	
	11.7 Other antiarrhythmic drugs	
	Active learning and presentation 4: Angina pectoris (1 hours)	
	Chapter 12. Antianginal drugs (2 hours)	
10	12.1 Overview	
(10.21-	12.2 Types of angina	6
10.25)	12.3 Treatment strategies	
	12.4 β-adrenergic blockers	
	12.5 Calcium channel blockers	
	12.6 Organic nitrates	

	12.7 Sodium channel blocker	
	Active learning and presentation 5: Thrombotic disorders: acute myocardial infarction (MI), deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism (PE), and acute ischemic stroke (1 hours)	
	Chapter 13. Anticoagulants and Antiplatelet agents (5 hours) 13.1 Overview	
	13.2 Thrombus versus embolus	
	13.3 Platelet response to vascular injury13.4 Platelet aggregation inhibitors13.5 Blood coagulation	
	13.6 Parenteral anticoagulants	
	13.7 Vitamin K Antagonists	
	13.8 Direct oral anticoagulants	
11	13.9 Thrombolytic drugs	
(10.28-	13.10 Drugs used to treat bleeding	6
11.1)		
	Active learning and presentation 6: Hyperlipidemias (1 hours)	
	Chapter 14. Drugs for hyperlipidemia (2 hours)	
	14.1 Overview	
	14.2 Treatment goals	
	14.3 Drugs for hyperlipidemia	
	Active learning and presentation 7: Neurodegenerative disorders: Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, multiple sclerosis (MS), and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) (1 hours)	
	Chapter 15. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases (3 hours) 15.1 Overview	
	15.2 Neurotransmission in the CNS	
	15.3 Synaptic potentials	
12	15.4 Neurodegenerative diseases	
(11.5-	15.5 Overview of Parkinson disease	6
11.8)	15.6 Drugs used in Parkinson disease	O
11.0)	15.7 Drugs used in Alzheimer disease	
	15.8 Drugs used in multiple sclerosis	
	15.9 Drugs used in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	
	Active learning and presentation 8: Anxiety (1 hours)	
	Chapter 16. Anxiolytic and hypnotic drugs (3 hours)	
	16.1 Overview	
	16.2 Benzodiazepines	
	16.3 Benzodiazepine antagonist	
	16.4 Other anxiolytic agents	
13	16.5 Barbiturates	
(11.11-	16.6 Other hypnotic agents	6
11.15)	Test II (2 hours)	

	Active learning and presentation 9: Depression and mania (1 hours)	
	Chapter 17. Antidepressants (4 hours)	
	17.1 Overview	
	17.2 Mechanism of antidepressant drugs	
	17.3 Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors	
	17.4 Serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors	
	17.5 Atypical antidepressants	
	17.6 Tricyclic antidepressants	
	17.7 Monoamine oxidase inhibitors	
1.4	17.8 Serotonin-dopamine antagonists	
14	17.9 Treatment of mania and bipolar disorder	7
(11.18- 11.22)	Active learning and presentation 10: Schizophrenia (1 hours)	7
	Chapter 18. Antipsychotic drugs (3 hours)	
	18.1 Overview	
	18.2 Schizophrenia	
	18.3 Antipsychotic drugs	
	Active learning and presentation 11: Epilepsy (1 hours)	
	Active learning and presentation 11. Epitepsy (1 floars)	
	Chapter 19. Drugs for Epilepsy (3 hours)	
	19.1 Overview	
	19.2 Etiology of seizures	
	19.3 Classification of seizures	
	19.4 Mechanism of action of antiseizure medications	
	19.5 Drug selection	
	19.6 Antiseizure medications	
	19.7 Status epilepticus	
	19.8 Reproductive health and epilepsy	
15	Chapter 20. Anesthetics (2 hours)	
(11.25-	20.1 Overview	8
11.29)	20.2 Levels of sedation	
	20.3 Stages of general anesthesia	
	20.4 Inhalation anesthetics	
	20.5 Intravenous anesthetics	
	20.6 Neuromuscular blockers	
	20.7 Local anesthetics	
	20.8 Anesthetic adjuncts	
	Chapter 21. Opioids (3 hours)	
	21.1 Overview	
	21.2 Opioid receptors	
	21.3 Opioid agonists	
	21.4 Partial agonists and mixed agonist–antagonists	
4.5	21.5 Other analgesics	
16	21.6 Antagonists	4
(12.2-	Astina language and appropriation 12. Attending deficit house and the discrete	4
12.6)	Active learning and presentation 12: Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	
	(1 hours)	



	Chapter 22. CNS Stimulants (2 hours) 22.1 Overview 22.2 Psychomotor stimulants 22.3 Drugs for Obesity	
18 (12.16- 12.17)	Final (2 hours)	2

TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES

In this learning module, students will work towards attaining the ILOs through the following teaching and learning activities:

Teaching and Learning Activities		M2	М3	M4	M5	М6
T1. Lectures with case studies and real-life examples	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
T2. Literature review and critical analysis	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
T3. Group discussion and presentations	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

ATTENDANCE

Attendance requirements are governed by the Academic Regulations Governing Bachelor's Degree Programmes of the Macao Polytechnic University. Students who do not meet the attendance requirements for the learning module shall be awarded an 'F' grade.

ASSESSMENT

In this learning module, students are required to complete the following assessment activities:

Assessment Activities	Weighting (%)	ILOs to be Assessed
A1. Presentation	9	M4, M5, M6
A2. In Class oral Tests	8	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6
A3. Group discussions	8	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, M6
A4. Test I	25	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5
A5. Test II	25	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5
A6. Final exam	25	M1, M2, M3, M4, M5

This learning module is graded on a 100 point scale, with 100 being the highest possible score and 50 being the passing score.

Any students scoring less than 35% of the total mark in the final examination will be given an "F" grade for the module even if the overall grade is 50% or higher.



The assessment will be conducted following the University's Assessment Strategy (see www.mpu.edu.mo/teaching learning/en/assessment strategy.php). Passing this learning module indicates that students will have attained the ILOs of this learning module and thus acquired its credits.

MARKING SCHEME

Assessment	Account Cuitoria			Mark Range	s	
Activities	Assessment Criteria	88-100	73-87	58-72	50-57	<50
A1. Presentation	Demonstrate the ability to apply pharmacological knowledge to analyse and interpret clinical cases, understand the relationship between disease characteristics and pharmacological effects, and communicate scientific concepts effectively through oral presentations	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels
A2. In Class oral Tests	Demonstrate the ability to answer questions on topics covered in the outline	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels
A3. Group discussions	Demonstrate the ability to apply pharmacological knowledge to analyse and interpret clinical cases, understand the relationship between disease characteristics and pharmacological effects, and communicate scientific concepts effectively through oral presentations	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels
A4. Test I	Demonstrate the ability to understand, identify, and apply appropriate pharmacological concepts, knowledge, and methods	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels
A5. Test II	Demonstrate the ability to understand, identify, and apply appropriate pharmacological concepts, knowledge, and methods	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels
A6. Final exam	Demonstrate the ability to understand, identify, and apply appropriate pharmacological concepts, knowledge, and methods	Excellent	Good/ Very Good	Satisfactory	Marginal Pass	Fail; not reaching marginal levels



REQUIRED READINGS

Karen Whalen, et al. 2023, Lippincott's illustrated reviews: pharmacology. 8th ed. Baltimore, MD: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

REFERENCES

Katzung B, Masters S, Trevor A. 2015, Basic and clinical pharmacology. 13th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill Medical.

Brunton L, Chabner B, Knollman. 2011, Goodman and Gilman's the pharmacological basis of therapeutics. 12th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill Professional.

Lexicomp. 2017, Drug information handbook: a clinically relevant resource for all healthcare professionals. 26th ed. Lexi-Comp.

STUDENT FEEDBACK

At the end of every semester, students are invited to provide feedback on the learning module and the teaching arrangement through questionnaires. Your feedback is valuable for instructors to enhance the module and its delivery for future students. The instructor and programme coordinators will consider all feedback and respond with actions formally in the annual programme review.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

The Macao Polytechnic University requires students to have full commitment to academic integrity when engaging in research and academic activities. Violations of academic integrity, which include but are not limited to plagiarism, collusion, fabrication or falsification, repeated use of assignments and cheating in examinations, are considered as serious academic offenses and may lead to disciplinary actions. Students should read the relevant regulations and guidelines in the Student Handbook which is distributed upon the admission into the University, a copy of which can also be found at www.mpu.edu.mo/student_handbook/.